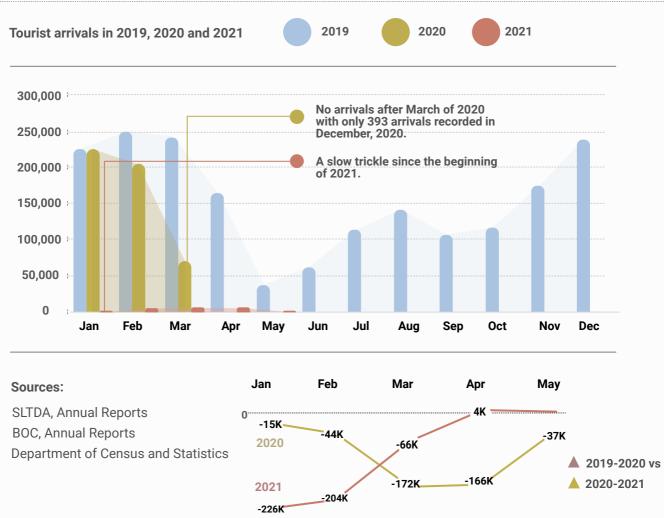
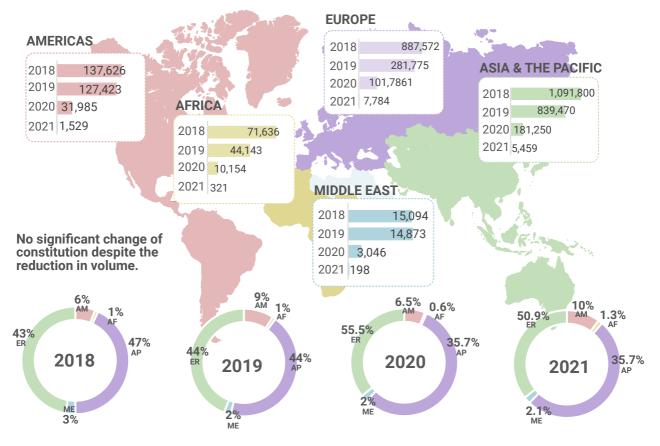
COVID -19 IMPACT ON THE TOURISM INDUSTRY

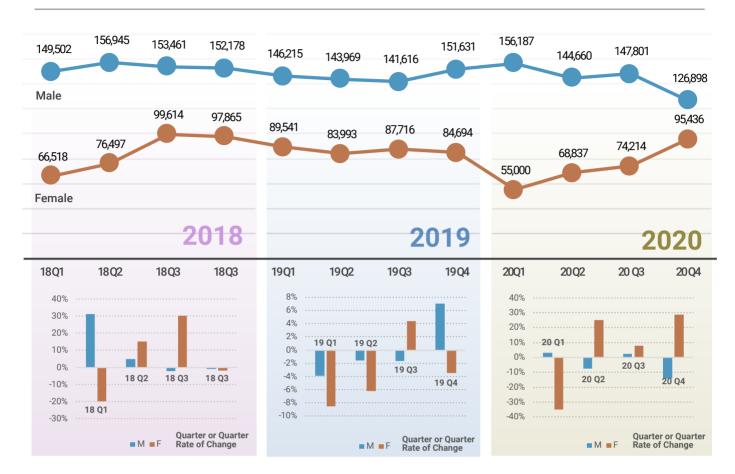


Signs of recovery in April 2021

Composition of arrivals by the region of origin.



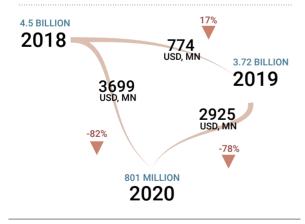




Wider Economic Impacts of Covid - 19

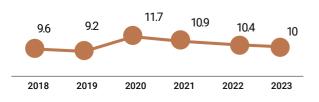
Loss of Tourism income due to Covid-19

A significant drop in tourism sector's value added contribution to the national economy -2018 to 2020

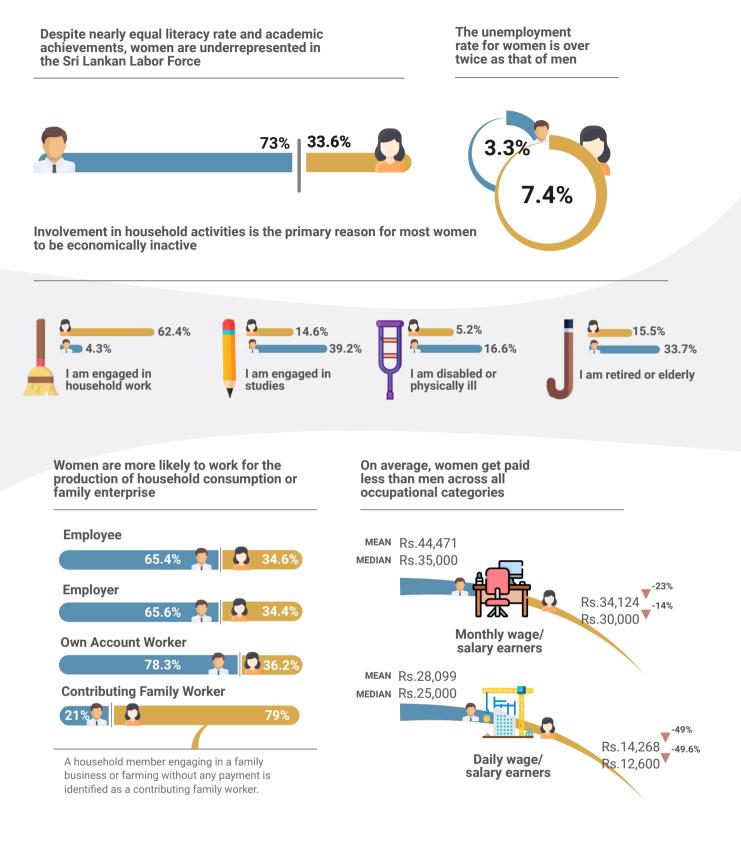


The pandemic has reversed the declining trend of poverty in Sri Lanka. The new-poor due to the pandemic is estimated to be around 500,000 persons.

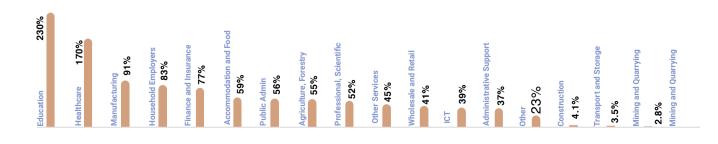
Lower middle-income poverty rate (\$3.2 in 2011 PPP) -%

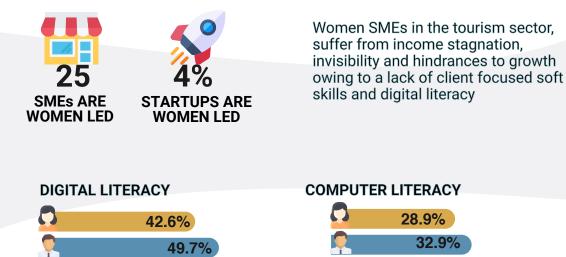


Value added contribution by Drop in relative GDP Share of Tourism sector (%) Accommodation and F&B Services (Rs.Mins) 1.7 2018 38,667 1.7 2019 40,628 2020 37,749 1.6 1.7 2018 37,890 2019 1.5 34,123 2020 0.7 12,437 1.6 2018 38,306 2019 1.4 35,688 2020 20,321 0.8 1.5 2018 39,930 2019 37,232 1.4 2020 18,945 0.8



Women in various industries as a percentage of men





ICT provides a great opportunity to tackle longstanding challenges of gender inequalities in the national economy, including access to employment, income, education. Women's Access to ICT and Remote working has a number of constraints

